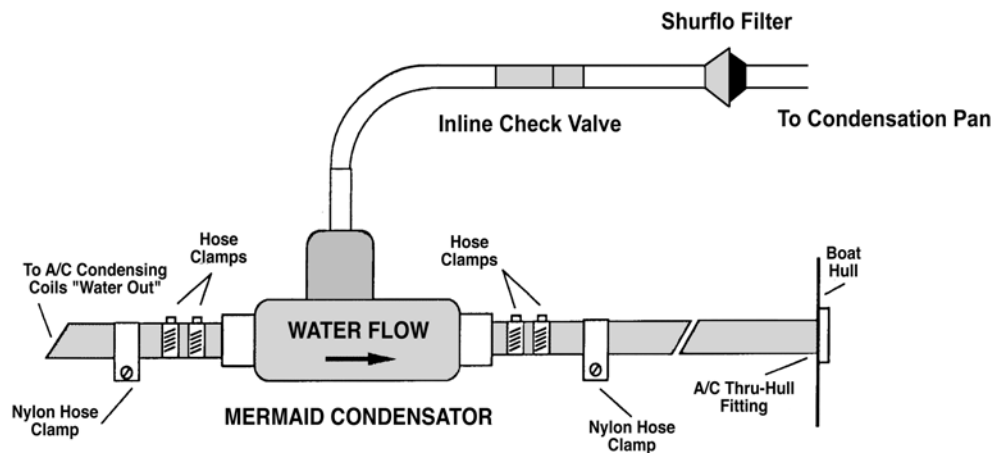




IN-LINE MERMAID CONDENSATOR™

INSTALLATION MAINTENANCE & TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDELINES

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1. CONTENTS:

- A.) Mermaid Condensator™
- B.) 3/8" Small Nylon Hose Clips (4)
- C.) Drain Hose and Shurflo In-Line Filter Assembly
- D.) Small Cable Tie Strap (1)
- E.) Large Stainless Steel Hose Clamps (4)
- F.) Stainless Steel 1/2" #8 Screws (6)
- G.) 1", 3/4", 5/8" Nylon Hose Clips, (2 each)
- H.) Reducers 1/2" to 3/8" and 1/2" to 1/4"
- I.) Inline Check Valve
- J.) Installation, Maintenance and Troubleshooting Guideline

2. TOOLS REQUIRED:

- A.) Pocket Knife
- B.) Flat Blade Screwdriver
- C.) Phillips Screwdriver

3. INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

WARNING
THIS CONDENSATOR MUST BE INSTALLED ABOVE
THE WATER LINE OR FLOODING WILL OCCUR

First review the contents of the Mermaid Condensator™ kit, insuring you recognize all the parts. We suggest you read the complete installation instructions through once before you start. The next thing to do is to go to your circuit breaker panel and switch your air conditioner circuit breaker to the off position. You do not want the air conditioner to inadvertently come on during installation. With the hoses disassembled, you could inadvertently flood the boat. At this time, close the seacock to prevent any water flow into the boat while you have the water hoses disconnected.

Go to the air conditioner and trace the water-out line from the air conditioner to the thru-hull discharge. Determine where in the water-out line you are planning to put the condensator. Insure that you will have a bulkhead to mount the condensator on to so that the condensator can't move while the boat is underway. Remember, you will need to have access to the Shurflo filter to clean it, so check your placement position carefully. As always, a few minutes of planning may save hours of labor.

WARNING

1. FAILURE TO CLOSE THE SEA COCK BEFORE REMOVING THE WATER HOSES MAY RESULT IN FLOODING. THIS COULD CAUSE SIGNIFICANT WATER DAMAGE OR SINK THE BOAT.
2. FAILURE TO TURN THE CIRCUIT BREAKER OFF MAY ALLOW THE AIR CONDITIONER TO TURN ON. IF THIS HAPPENS, THE WATER PUMP WILL OPERATE WITH NO SOURCE OF WATER AND IT WILL OVERHEAT AND FAIL.

A.) Cut the 5/8" water-out hose between the air conditioner and the thru-hull water discharge.

B.) On the body of the condensator, you will note an arrow. This arrow designates the water flow direction thru the condensator. Water flow must be towards the thru-hull discharge. Slide two of the large stainless steel hose clamps onto each side of the cut hose ends. The condensator will not work if installed with the arrow in the direction back to the air conditioning unit.

C.) Slide the two ends of the hose over the barbs on the condensator body. Insure that you have positioned the condensator with the correct water flow direction.

D.) Secure each side of the condensator hose assembly with the double hose clamps.

E.) Using the two large nylon hose clips and two of the 1/2" #8 screws, secure the condensator to a bulkhead. Insure that you are not screwing the condensator to the side of the boat. If no bulkhead is available, it may be necessary to "glass in" a shelf to mount the condensator onto. The condensator must not be able to move. If not properly secured, the weight of the condensator could loosen the "water-out" hose and cause flooding.

F.) Using the one foot piece of 1/2" clear drain hose, connect the Shurflo filter assembly and check valve to the nipple on the air conditioner condensation drain pan.

G.) Secure the hose to the drain pan with a single small stainless steel hose clamp. This would be the only connection on your boat that does not have two hose clamps.

H.) Secure ¼” clear drain hose from the white reducer attached to the ½” clear hose to the brown nipple on the top of the condensator. Secure the connection to the condensator with the small tie strap. Do not overstress the cable tie since the plastic condensator nipple could break off. If this happens, your condensator is now worthless.

I.) As needed secure the clear drain hoses with the nylon clips provided. Use the remaining 1/2" #8 stainless steel screws provided to hold the clips in place.

J.) Recheck all of your stainless steel hose clamps and insure you have them properly positioned and tightened.

K.) Turn the circuit breaker back on.

L.) Open the seacock.

M.) Using the thermostat, adjust the temperature so the air conditioner comes on.

N.) Now that you have water flowing, recheck all of your stainless steel hose clamps again and insure you have them properly positioned and tightened.

O.) With the air conditioner running, pour a glass of clean water into the evaporator tray. The condensator will immediately begin removing the water. You should be able to observe this through the clear hose. Inline with the hose is a small white valve. This valve is the check valve for the device. It is located between the Condensator and the Shurflo filter. This device needs to be kept in line. This is a backflow preventative device and should not be tampered with.

P.) Insure you have noted on your regular maintenance schedule that you now need to check the Shurflo filter every time you check your water strainer filter.

**REMEMBER, PLAN BEFORE YOU START THIS
INSTALLATION. IF YOU ARE UNSURE ABOUT ANY PART OF THIS
INSTALLATION, JUST CONTACT ONE OF OUR INSTALLATION
TECHNICIANS AT 800 330-3553**

4.) MAINTENANCE & TROUBLESHOOTING

Your condensator™ is **not a maintenance-free device**. It is assumed that you are regularly checking and cleaning your water strainer, the inline filter between your condensator and the condensation pan, and the air filter attached to the front of your air conditioning unit. **From time to time, it is possible for the condensator to cease functioning. When this happens, your condensation pan may overflow and water may enter your boat. This is not necessarily the “fault” of the condensator, but rather a result of improper maintenance. Maintenance is the owner’s responsibility.**

Should the condensator “fail”, the first thing to check is the filter screen located in the filter between the condensation pan and the ½” clear hose containing the check valve. To clear the filter; twist the bottom of the body to open, and then clean the screen. With the screen in place, reconnect the filter bottom to the top. Clean the condensation pan in the air conditioner unit with a vacuum hose. The condensator should start “working” at

this point. Establish a regular cycle to check the cleanliness of your condensator filter and the air filter on your air conditioner. After installation of your air conditioner and condensator, make sure the work area has been thoroughly cleared of debris, which can travel into the filter and block it. **It cannot be stressed enough how important it is to maintain a clean air filter and clean condensation pan on the air conditioner. Not doing so could mean damage to the condensator, the air conditioner, and possibly your boat.** Also each joint on the condensator between a hose and a barb should be checked for tightness. The addition of stainless steel hose clamps may become necessary.

If you continue to have problems with the condensator, then it is likely a result of a blockage in the water line. The first item to check is your water strainer. Your condensator may have a piece of debris blocking the water flow which could only have gotten there after having passed thru or by the water strainer. **It is assumed you are cleaning your water strainer on a regular basis. If you are not, you must start now if you are going to use the condensator and expect it to work properly.**

The next thing to do is to close the seacock on your water supply and turn the circuit breaker to your air conditioner off. You do not want the thermostat to inadvertently turn your air conditioner on while you have the water system disassembled.

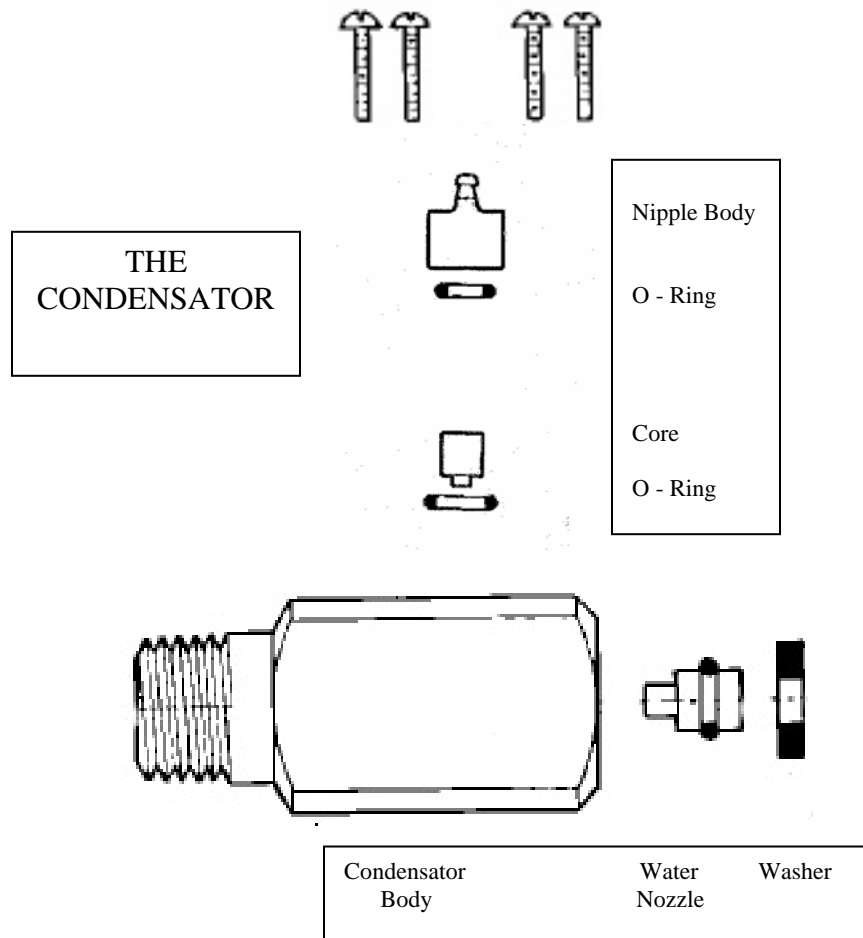
WARNING

3. FAILURE TO CLOSE THE SEA COCK BEFORE REMOVING THE WATER HOSES MAY RESULT IN FLOODING. THIS COULD CAUSE SIGNIFICANT WATER DAMAGE OR SINK THE BOAT.
4. FAILURE TO TURN THE CIRCUIT BREAKER OFF MAY ALLOW THE AIR CONDITIONER TO TURN ON. IF THIS HAPPENS THE WATER PUMP WILL OPERATE WITH NO SOURCE OF WATER AND IT WILL OVERHEAT AND FAIL.

The next step is to remove the condensator from your water-out hose. Be careful not to lose or discard the s/s clamps, they will be used again for re-inserting the condensator. At this point we are going to insert a hose to hose barb to connect the two parts of the water-out lines together. This is for safety purposes so that water will not leak into the boat while the condensator is being cleaned. If you do not have a hose-to-hose barb, insure that the hose ends are placed or tied so that water may not leak out.

NOTE: During operation of the air conditioner with the condensator installed, the water exiting the boat may appear milky at times. This is due to air being drawn by the condensator from the drip pan along with the condensate. This is a normal occurrence and should not raise concern.

Now lets review the following diagram of the condensator:



Remove the water nozzle and washer from the condensator body and check for obstructions. Clear any obstructions; clean the water nozzle, washer and condensator body; then reassemble.

To separate the check valve assembly from the condensator body, simply remove the four securing screws from the top of the assembly. Per the diagram, carefully remove the Nipple Body, O-Ring, the Core, and the second O-Ring. **There are no replacement parts for the check valve assembly; therefore, be extremely careful not to loose them. Loss of one of these parts will require you to purchase a new Condensator.**

Clear any debris and clean all the components. Review the above diagram, and then reassemble. Insure you have reassembled the components in the exact sequence that you disassembled them. **Should you lose a part or reassemble in the improper order, your condensator will not work.**

Reinstall the condensator, verifying that the arrow stamped on the side of the body of the condensator is pointing to the thru-hull discharge. Make certain that you have tightened the double s/s clamps on the hoses on each side and have repositioned the condensator to the bulkhead where it was originally located.

We recommend that you put about 8 oz. of clean water in the condensation pan at this point. Insure you have opened the seacock, then turn the air conditioner circuit breaker on and set your thermostat so the air conditioner will turn on. Verify that the condensator is working properly, that you have reassembled the check valve assembly correctly, and that the condensator is not allowing water to backflow to the condensation pan. Go to your daytimer or calendar, and go forward and mark the point where you will repeat this maintenance procedure.

OTHER SUGGESTIONS - Sailboats

In certain situations where the possible water damage due to overflowing of the condensation tray could be a problem, or on sailboats that could heel at an extreme angle, we would suggest the following. Place a covered container below the air conditioner in the bilge. Drill 2 holes thru the cover of the container. Drain the condensation from the air conditioner's condensation tray to the container in the bilge. Draw from the container with the condensator, rather than from the air conditioner's condensation tray. Seal the two hoses through the top of the container and mount the container in such a way that it won't move in the bilge.

The condensator works off the flow of water through the air conditioner. When the air conditioner is turned off, this flow stops and condensation is not drained from the tray. Depending upon conditions, there could be some water still on the evaporator fins that drains down to the tray after the unit is turned off. When a sailboat heels, this water could overflow the pan depending upon the heel angle. By draining from the tray to a second container, this precludes that "late" condensation water from causing an issue.